®日本国特許庁(JP)

① 特許出願公開

◎ 公開特許公報(A) 平4-123534

®Int. Cl. 5

識別記号

庁内整理番号

❸公開 平成4年(1992)4月23日

H 04 B 7/26

109 Z

8523-5K

審査請求 未請求 請求項の数 1 (全6頁)

②特 願 平2-244576

②出 願 平2(1990)9月14日

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PTO 2001-3333

S.T.I.C. Translations Branch

明細書

1. 発明の名称 移動機

2. 特許請求の範囲

無線周波数帯と無線回線接続制御プロトコルが異なる復数の無線伝送方式を有し、移動機を一元的に管理する統合移動体通信システムにおいて、

前記複数の無線伝送方式のうちの1つの無線伝送方式に対して、無線回線を設け、外部からのアクティブ信号によって発信および着信を受付可能な状態に移行する機能と外部からのアイドル信号によって発信および着信の動作を停止する機能を有する第1の移動機部と、

前記算1の移動機部とは異なった無線伝送方式の無線回線を確率し、前記第1の移動機部と同一の機能を有する1つまたは複数の第2の移動機部と

マニュアル操作あるいは無線回線品質に基づい

て複数の赎第1及び赎第2の移動機部のうち一方の移動機部にアクティブ信号を送出すると共に、 もう一方の移動機部にアイドル信号を送出し、該 第1及び該第2の移動機部と電話機との間で該第 1と該第2の移動機部を制御するコントローラと を有し構成することを特徴とする移動機。

3. 発明の詳細な説明

〔産業上の利用分野〕

本発明は移動機に保り、特に複数の異なった無 線伝送方式および無線回線接続制御プロトコルを 有する統合移動体通信システムに対応可能な移動 機に関する。

〔従来の技術〕

第6図は従来の移動機の構成を示し、無線周波 数帯および、変復調方式が同一であり、無線回線 接続制御プロトコルが異なる2つのシステムに対 して無線回線接続可能な移動機について説明する。

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無線送受信部60は無線伝送方式、無線回線接統制御プロトコルの両方式に対応可能である。

制御部62も両方式に対応可能であり、コンパチビリティーを確保する無線伝送方式のシステム対応の制御プログラムモジュール64と無線回線接続制御プロトコルのシステム対応の制御プログラムモジュール66、および両モジュールを管理する共通モジュール68から構成される。

電話機74は制御部62に接続されている。ベースバンド部分70はレベル調整および、電話機74との間のプロトコル変換を行う。システム登録スイッチ72は移行先のシステムの切り換えを行うスイッチである。

次に従来の移動機の動作を説明する。移動体通信システムは通常、使用に先立ち移動機が基地局側設備に対してシステム登録を行う必要がある。 従って、ユーザは現在登録中のシステムのサービスエリアに移行した場合、システム登録スイッチを移行先システム側にオンする。システム登録スイッチの動き

無線伝送方式を有し、移動機を一元的に管理する 統合移動体通信システムにおいて、複数の無線伝 送方式の内の1つの無線伝送方式に対して、無線 回線を設け、外部からのアクティブ信号によって 発信および着信を受付可能な状態に移行する機能 と外部からのアイドル信号によって発信および着 信の動作を停止する機能を有する第1の移動機部 10と、前記第1の移動機部10とは異なった無 鎮伝送方式の無線回線を確率し、前記第1の移動 機部10と同一の機能を有する1つまたは複数の 第2の移動機部12と、マニュアル操作あるいは 無線回線品質情報に基づいて該第1 および該第2 の移動機部のうち一方の移動機部にアクティブ信 母を送出すると共に、もう一方の移動機部にアイ ドル信号を送出し、放第1及び該第2の移動機部 と電話機16との間で該第1及び赎第2の移動機 部を制御するコントローラ14とを有する。

(作用)

本発明は各無線伝送方式に対応する第1の移動

を検出した制御部62の共通モジュール68は制御プログラムモジュール66にスイッチが切り換えられたことによるシステムの切り換えを指示し、切り換え先システムのプロトコルを用いて移行先システムに登録する。

(発明が解決しようとする課題)

しかるに、従来の移動機は無線周波数帯と無線 回線接続制御プロトコルが同一である無線 伝送方 式のシステムに対してのみ有効であり、異なる復 数の無線伝送方式では使用できなかった。

本発明は上記の点に鑑みなされたもので無線題放数帯と無線回線接続制御プロトコルが異なる無線伝送方式を有する統合移動体通信システムに対して無線回線接続可能な移動機を提供することを目的とする。

(課題を解決するための手段)

第1図は本発明の原理構成を示す。無線周波数 帯と無線回線接続制御プロトコルが異なる複数の

機部10および第2の移動機部12と電話機16との間にそれらの移動機部を管理するコントローラ14を設け、コントローラ14より第1の移動機部10および第2の移動機部12のうち1カの移動機部にアクティブ信号を送出し、同時に他統の動機部に対してアイドル信号を送出し、接続の無線伝送方式を切り換えることにより、ある無線伝送方式の移動体通信システム間での登録、接続を行う。

(実施例)

第2図は本発明の移動機の適用先である統合移動体通信システムの構成例を示す。 同図は移動機を適用する地上系移動体通信方式と 帯屋系移動体通信方式を交換局レベルで統合し、 移動機を一元的に管理するようにした統合移動体通信システムは の構成を説明する。統合移動体通信システムは公衆通信網22、共通線信号網24、地上系移動体通信方式の交換局下~MSC28、地上系移動体

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第3図は本発明の第1実施例を説明する図を示す。同図は地上系移動体通信方式と衛星系移動体通信方式の両方式に対して、無線回線接続可能な移動機の構成を示している。この移動機の移動機部は地上系移動機部42と新星系移動機部60の2つの移動機部を設けている。先ず、地上系移動機部42は強信部44と受信部46、移動機部

また、コントローラ80は地上系移動体通信方式対応の移動機部42、衛星系移動体通信方式対応の移動機部60と電話機78との間にあって地上系移動体通信方式対応の移動機部60をコントロールすると共にトラヒック回線(通話回線)の切り換えを行う。このコントローラ80は制御部82とスイッチ部84から機成される。

地上系移動体通信方式対応の移動機部42、衛星系移動体通信方式対応の移動機部60と電話機78とコントローラ80を結ぶインタフェースは第3図中に実線で示す通話回線の上り回線、通話回線の下り回線と同図中に点線で示すデータ回線の上り回線、データ回線の下り回線、および電話機78等で構成する。

上記の移動機を地上系移動体通信方式対応にするためには、コントローラ 8 0 が地上系移動機部 4 2 に上記インタフェースを介してアクティブ信号を送出すると共に、新星系移動機部 6 0 に対してアイドル信号を送出する。また、地上系移動機

42の無線回線の接続制御および電話機 7 8 からの制御信号の受信制御等を行う制御部 4 8 、移動機部 4 2 のトラヒック回線のレベル興整 および制御回線のプロトコル変換を行うインタフェース部 5 0 、移動機部 4 2 対応の無線回線の受信レベルを測定するレベル測定部 5 2 、移動機部 4 2 の音声信号のディジタル化およびその復号を行うコーディック 5 4 、送受分波器 5 6 、アンテナ 5 8 等で構成されている。

部42の通話回線と電話機78の通話回線が接続 されるようにコントローラ80のスイッチ84で 通話回線のスイッチをセットする。

アクティブ信号を受信した地上系移動機部 4 2 は位置登録信号を地上系基地局 8 6 に送出し、地 上系基地局 8 6 からの位置登録応答信号を受信す ることによってシステム登録完了を確認すること により、発着信を受付可能な状態に移行する。

このとき、アイドル指令信号を受信した衡風系 移動機部 6 0 は発信及び着信の受付動作を停止し、 アイドル状態に移行する。

第4図は本発明の第1実施例の切り換え動作の 制御シーケンスを示す。同図は無線回線品質情報 (受信レベル)によって、移動機が地上系移動体 通信方式で動作していた後、地上系移動体通信方 式での無線回線の状態が劣化し、衛星系移動体通 信方式に移動機を切り換える場合の動作を示す制 御シーケンスである。

地上系移動機部 4 2 は定期的に受信部 4 6 で受信したアンテナからの受信レベル情報を制御部

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48、インターフェース部50を経由してコントローラ80に送出する(S10)。

衛星系移動機部60から送出されてくる受信レベル情報の値がレベル測定部72で測定した結果、規定のレベルを下回っているとコントローラ80の制御部82で判断した場合は(S11)、コントローラ80は移動機部60に対して回線品質要求信号を送出する(S12)。

回線品質要求信号を受信した移動機部 6 0 は受信部 6 4 をオン状態にして受信レベルを測定し、受信レベル情報をコントローラ 8 0 に送出する(S 1 3)。

コントローラ80は新星系移動機部60からの 受信レベル情報が所定のレベルを上回っていると 判断した場合、地上系移動機部42に対してアイドル信号を送出する(S14)と共に新星系移動 機部60に対してアクティブ信号を送出し(S1 5)、コントローラ80のスイッチ84を切り換 える(S16)ことにより通話回線を地上系移動 部42から新星系移動機部60に切り換える。

24との切り換えを行う問軸スイッチ 116、外部アンテナ接続用のコネクタ120、基本移動機100、あるいは電話機154と接続する接続用コネクタ122、送信部104、受信部106、分波器118、網御部114、レベル測定部11 2、網御信号制御部108、インタフェース部110で構成されている。

ま本移動機 1 0 0 は個別移動機 1 0 2 用の外部 アンテナ 1 4 8 、 コネクタ 1 2 0 と結合可能なコネクタ 1 5 0 、電話機 1 5 4 との接続用コネクタ 1 5 0 、電話機 1 5 4 との接続用コネクタ 1 5 6 、送受話器とテンキー 1 3 8 、電話機 1 5 4 を個別移動機 1 0 2 あるいは基本移動機 1 0 0 に接続するコネクタ 1 4 0 、送信部 1 2 6 、受信部 1 2 8 、制御信号制御部 1 3 0 、インタフェース 1 3 2 、制御部 1 3 6 、レベル別定部 1 3 4 、コントローラ部のスイッチ 1 4 2 、コントローラ部の制御部 1 4 4 、分波器 1 5 8 で構成されて う 6 。

個別移動機102を基本移動機100に取り付

衛星系移動機部 6 0 は衛星系基地局 8 8 に位置 登録信号を送信し(S 1 7)、衛星系基地局 8 8 は衛星系移動機部 6 0 に対して位置登録応答信号 を送信する(S 1 8)。

次に本発明の第2実施例について説明する。本 実施例の移動機において、1つの移動機部とコン トローラを1つの値体に収納することによって基 本移動器を構成すると共に他の移動機を構成をそれぞれ1つの値体に収納して個別移動機を構成な着とない。本 を 動機に対して個別移動機を構成な着脱可能な 動機において、基本移動機より取り外した個別移動機に電話機を接続することにより、個別移動機 は単体の移動機として動作する。

第5 図は本発明の第2 実施例の替股移動機の構成を示す。同図中、個別移動機102 は第3 図の地上系移動機部42を1つの筐体に収納した個別移動機である。基本移動機100は第3 図の衛星系移動機部60とコントローラ80を一体化したものである。個別移動機102は外部アンテナ1

け、電話機154を電話機154側のコネクタ1 40と、基本移動機100側のコネクタ156を 結合させて基本移動機100に接続することにより、個別移動機102のアンテナ124は基本移動機100の外部アンテナ124は基本移動機100の外部アンテナ146に切り換わる。 これにより、個別移動機102の第5図中、実線 で示す通話回線は基本移動機100内のスイッチ 142に接続される。同図中、点線で示すデータ 回線は割御部144に接続される。

これにより、統合移動体通信システムを構成する複数の移動体通信方式は無線回線に接続できる。

また、基本移動機100と個別移動機100と を取り外し、各移動機に電話機154を接続すれば夫々が各移動体通信方式専用の移動機となる。

(発明の効果)

上記のように本発明によれば、移動機部と電話 機間のインタフェースを統一し、各移動体通信方 式対応の移動機部とその管理部であるコントロー ラを組み合わせることにより、いかなる周波数帯、

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変復輝方式の移動体通信システムとの間でコンパ チビリティーを確保することができるため、各移動体通信システムによって別々の移動機を用いな くとも容易に通話できる。 80…コントローラ、82…コントローラ制御部、 84…コントローラスイッチ、86…地上系基地 馬、88…衛星系基地局。

4. 図面の簡単な説明

第1図は本発明の原理構成図、

第2図は本発明の移動機の適用先である統合移 動体通信システムの構成例を示す図、

第3図は第1実施例を説明する図、

第4図は第1実施例の切り換え動作の制御シーケンス、

第5図は本発明の第2実施例の着脱移動機の構 成図、

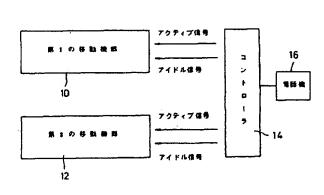
第6図は従来の移動機の構成図である。

10…第1の移動機部、12…第2の移動機部、 14…コントローラ、16…電話機、42…地上 系移動機部、60…衛星系移動機部、50,68 …インタフェース、52,72…レベル測定部、

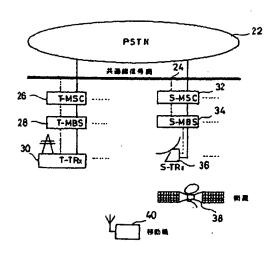
特許出顧人 日本電信電話株式会社

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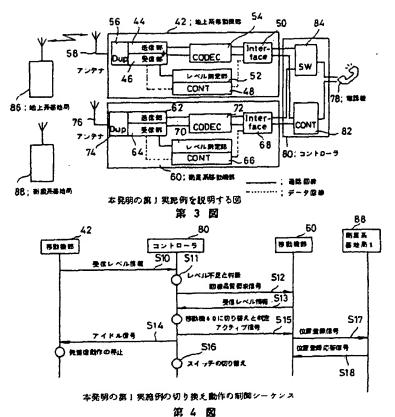


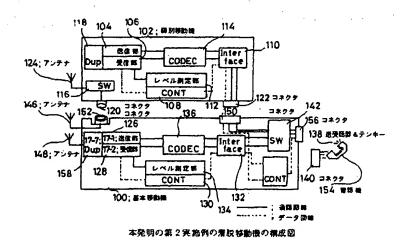


本発明の原理構成図 第 1 図



本発明の移動機の適用先である試合移動体通信システムの構成例 第 2 図





従来の移動機の構成図 第 6 図

66

62

Japanese Kokai Patent Application No. Hei 4[1992]-123534

PTO 01-3333

MOBILE EQUIPMENT

Yoshitoshi Murata

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. JULY 2001
TRANSLATED BY THE RALPH MCELROY TRANSLATION COMPANY

JAPANESE PATENT OFFICE PATENT JOURNAL (A) KOKAI PATENT APPLICATION NO. HEI 4[1992]-123534

Int. Cl.⁵:

H 04 B 7/26

Sequence No. for Office Use:

8523-5K

Filing No.:

Hei 2[1990]-244576

Filing Date:

September 14, 1990

Publication Date:

April 23, 1992

No. of Claims:

1 (Total of 6 pages)

Examination Request:

Not filed

MOBILE EQUIPMENT

[Idoki]

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[There are no amendments to this patent.]

Claim

A type of mobile equipment characterized by the following facts: in an integrated mobile communication system that has plural wireless transmission systems having different wireless frequency bands and wireless line connection control protocols, and that controls the mobile equipment in a unitary manner, the mobile equipment is composed of the following portions:

a first mobile equipment portion that has a wireless line that is set with respect to one wireless transmission system among said plural wireless transmission systems, and that has a function that enables switching to the sending or receiving state upon an active signal from the

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outside, and a function that stops the operation of sending or receiving upon an idle signal from the outside,

one or plural second mobile equipment portions that probability [sic; establish] a wireless transmission system different from that of said first mobile equipment portion, and that has the same functions as those of said first mobile equipment portion,

and a controller that, by means of a manual operation or based on the wireless line quality, sends an active signal to one of said plural first and second mobile equipment portions, and at the same time, sends an idle signal to the other mobile equipment portion, and that controls said first and second mobile equipment portions between said first and second mobile equipment portions and a telephone set.

Detailed explanation of the invention

Industrial application field

The present invention pertains to a type of mobile equipment. In particular, the present invention pertains to a type of mobile equipment that can handle an integrated mobile communication system having plural wireless transmission systems and wireless line connection control protocols different from one another.

Prior art

Figure 6 is a diagram illustrating the constitution of conventional mobile equipment. Let's consider, for example, mobile equipment that allows wireless line connection for two systems having the same wireless frequency band and the same modem system, yet different wireless line connection control protocols.

Wireless transceiver portion (60) can handle the two wireless line connection control protocols in the wireless transmission system.

Control portion (62) also can handle the two systems. It is composed of control program module (64) corresponding to the wireless transmission system that ensures the compatibility, control program module (66) corresponding to the wireless line connection control protocol system, and common module (68) for controlling the two modules.

Telephone set (74) is connected to control portion (62). Baseband portion (70) performs level adjustment and the protocol conversion with telephone set (74). System registration switch (72) is a switch that performs switching of the system as the destination.

In the following, the operation of the conventional mobile equipment will be explained. Usually, for a mobile communication system, before use, the mobile equipment should make a system registration with the equipment in the base station. Consequently, when the user moves from the service area of the system being registered to the service area of another system, the

system registration switch is turned ON to the destination system. As common module (68) of control portion (62) detects this movement of the system registration switch, it sends an instruction to control program module (66) to switch the system by turning the switch, and the protocol of the system as the destination of switching is used to register with the destination system.

Problems to be solved by the invention

However, the conventional mobile equipment is effective only for the wireless transmission system having the same wireless frequency band and wireless line connection control protocol. It cannot be used in plural wireless transmission systems different from one another.

The purpose of the present invention is to solve the aforementioned problems of the conventional methods by providing a type of mobile equipment that allows wireless line connection with respect to an integrated mobile communication system having different wireless frequency bands and wireless line connection control protocols.

Means to solve the problems

Figure 1 is a principle diagram illustrating the constitution of the present invention. The present invention provides a type of mobile equipment characterized by the following facts: in an integrated mobile communication system that has plural wireless transmission systems having different wireless frequency bands and wireless line connection control protocols, and that controls the mobile equipment in a unitary manner, the mobile equipment is composed of the following portions: first mobile equipment portion (10) that has a wireless line that is set with respect to one wireless transmission system among said plural wireless transmission systems, and that has a function that enables switching to the sending or receiving state upon an active signal from the outside, and a function that stops the operation of sending or receiving upon an idle signal from the outside, one or plural second mobile equipment portions (12) that probability a wireless transmission system different from that of said first mobile equipment portion (10), and that has the same functions as those of said first mobile equipment portion (10), and controller (14) that by means of a manual operation or based on the wireless line quality, sends an active signal to one of said plural first and second mobile equipment portions, and at the same time, sends an idle signal to the other mobile equipment portion, and that controls said first and second mobile equipment portions between said first and second mobile equipment portions and telephone set (16).

Functions

The mobile equipment of the present invention has first mobile equipment portion (10) and second mobile equipment portion (12) that correspond to different wireless transmission systems, respectively, and controller (14) that controls the mobile equipment portions with telephone set (16). Controller (14) sends an active signal to one of said first mobile equipment portion (10) and second mobile equipment portion (12), and at the same time, sends an idle signal to the other mobile equipment portion, and switches the wireless transmission system of the destination of connection. In this way, registration and connection can be performed among the wireless transmission type mobile communication systems having any frequency bands and modem systems different from one another.

Application examples

Figure 2 is a diagram illustrating an example of the constitution of the integrated mobile communication system for use of the mobile equipment of the present invention. The integrated mobile communication system is composed of public communication network (22), common line signal network (24), exchange station T-MSC (26) of the ground-system mobile communication system, wireless base station T-MBS (28) of the ground-system mobile communication system, wireless transceiver T-TRx (30) of the ground-system mobile communication system, exchange station S-MSC (32) of the satellite-system mobile communication system, wireless base station S-MBS (34) of the satellite-system mobile communication system, wireless transceiver S-TRx (36) of the satellite-system mobile communication system, satellite-system (38), mobile equipment (40), etc. Various information, including the residual area of mobile equipment (40) is controlled by the exchange station that becomes the home station (home memory station). When mobile equipment (40) that takes another exchange station as the home station makes system registration, the information of mobile equipment (40) is exchanged with the home memory station of mobile equipment (40) through common line signal network (24), and mobile equipment (40) is controlled by the home memory station.

Figure 3 is a diagram illustrating Application Example 1 of the present invention. The system shown in this figure has the constitution of mobile equipment that allows wireless line connection with respect to two systems; that is, the ground-system mobile communication system and the satellite-system mobile communication system. Two mobile equipment portions, that is, ground-system mobile equipment portion (42) and satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60), are set for the mobile equipment portions of this mobile equipment. Ground-system mobile equipment portion (42) is composed of sending portion (44) and receiving portion (46), control portion (48) that carries out control on connection of the wireless line of mobile equipment portion (42) and on receiving the control signal from telephone set (78), interface

portion (50) that adjusts the level of the traffic line of mobile equipment portion (42) and converts the control line protocol, level measurement portion (52) that measures the receiving level of the wireless line corresponding to mobile equipment portion (42), CODEC (54) that digitizes the voice signal of mobile equipment portion (42) and its decoding, transceiver branching filter (56), antenna (58), etc.

The satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60) has the same constitution as that of said ground-system mobile equipment portion (42). It is composed of sending portion (62) and receiving portion (64), control portion (66) that carries out control on connection of the wireless line of mobile equipment portion (60) and control on receiving the control signal from telephone set (78), interface portion (68) that adjusts the level of the traffic line of mobile equipment portion (60) and converts the control line protocol, level measurement portion (70) that measures the receiving level of the wireless line corresponding to mobile equipment portion (60), CODEC (72) that digitizes the voice signal of mobile equipment portion (60) and its decoding, transceiver branching filter (74), antenna (76), etc.

Controller (80) controls mobile equipment portion (42) corresponding to the ground-system mobile communication system and mobile equipment portion (60) corresponding to the satellite-system mobile communication system between mobile equipment portion (42) corresponding to the ground-system mobile communication system and mobile equipment portion (60) corresponding to the satellite-system mobile communication system and telephone set (78), at the same time switching the traffic line (conversation line). Said controller (80) is composed of control portion (82) and switching portion (84).

As shown in Figure 3, the interface that connects mobile equipment portion (42) corresponding to the ground-system mobile communication system, mobile equipment portion (60) corresponding to the satellite-system mobile communication system, telephone set (78) and controller (80), is composed of the upstream line of the conversation line and the downstream line of the conversation line indicated by solid lines in the figure, upstream line of the data line and downstream line of the data line indicated by dashed lines in the figure, and telephone set (78), etc.

To be compatible with ground-system mobile communications for the aforementioned mobile equipment, controller (80) sends an active signal through said interface to ground-system mobile equipment portion (42), and at the same time, it sends an idle signal to satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60). Also, the switch of the conversation line is set by switch (84) of controller (80) such that connection is made between the conversation line of ground-system mobile equipment portion (42) and the conversation line of telephone set (78).

Upon receiving the active signal, ground-system mobile equipment portion (42) sends a position registration signal to ground-system base station (86), and it receives the position

registration response signal from ground-system base station (86). As a result, it checks completion of the system registration, and then enters the state that allows sending/receiving.

In this case, satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60) that received the idle instruction signal stops the sending and receiving operation, then enters the idle state.

Figure 4 is a diagram illustrating the control sequence of the switching operation in Application Example 1 of the present invention. This figure illustrates a control sequence of the following operation: the mobile equipment is operated in ground-system mobile communications by means of the wireless line quality information (receiving level); then, as the state of the wireless line in ground-system mobile communications degrades, the mobile equipment is switched to the satellite-system mobile communication system.

Ground-system mobile equipment portion (42) regularly sends receiving-level reception information (from) receiving portion (46) from the antenna through control portion (48) and interface (50) to controller (80) (S10).

When it is judged by control portion (82) of controller (80) that the value of the receiving level information received from satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60) as measured by level measurement portion (72) is lower than a prescribed level (S11), controller (80) sends a line quality request signal to mobile equipment portion (60) (S12).

On receiving the line quality request signal, mobile equipment portion (60), sets on receiving portion (64), measures the receiving level, and sends the receiving level information to controller (80) (S13).

When it is judged that the receiving level information from satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60) is higher than a prescribed level, controller (80) sends an idle signal to ground-system mobile equipment portion (42) (S14), and at the same time, sends an active signal to satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60) (S15). By switching of switch (84) of controller (80) (S16), the conversation line is switched from ground-system mobile [equipment] portion (42) to satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60).

Satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60) sends a position registration signal to satellite-system base station (88) (S17), and satellite-system base station (88) sends a position registration response signal to satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60) (S18).

In the following, Application Example 2 of the present invention will be explained. For the mobile equipment in this application example, a mobile equipment portion and a controller are accommodated in a single basket to form basic mobile equipment, and at the same time, other mobile equipment portions are each accommodated in a basket to form individual mobile equipment. The individual mobile equipment can be set on the basic mobile equipment in a quick-connect/disconnect manner. As a result, quick-connect/disconnect mobile equipment is formed. In this quick-connect/disconnect mobile equipment, by connecting the telephone set to

the individual mobile equipment removed from the basic mobile equipment, the individual mobile equipment can work as single-body mobile equipment.

Figure 5 is a diagram illustrating the constitution of the quick-connect/disconnect mobile equipment in Application Example 2 of the present invention. In this figure, the individual mobile equipment (102) is individual mobile equipment with ground-system mobile equipment portion (42) shown in Figure 3 accommodated in a single basket. Basic mobile equipment (100) is prepared by integrating satellite-system mobile equipment portion (60) shown in Figure 3 and controller (80). Individual mobile equipment (102) is composed of coaxial switch (116) that performs switching with external antenna (124), connector (120) for connecting to the external antenna, basic mobile equipment (100), connector (122) for connecting to telephone set (154), sender (104), receiver (106), branching filter (118), control portion (114), level measurement portion (112), control signal control portion (108), and interface portion (110).

Basic mobile equipment (100) is composed of external antenna (146) for individual mobile equipment (102), connector (152) that can be connected to connector (120), connector (150) that can be connected to connector (122), connector (156) for connecting with telephone set (154), handset and ten-key (138), connector (140) for connecting telephone set (154) to individual mobile equipment (102) or basic mobile equipment (100), sending portion (126), receiving portion (128), control signal control portion (130), interface portion (132), control portion (136), level measurement portion (134), controller's switch portion (142), controller's control portion (144), and branching filter (158).

Individual mobile equipment (102) is mounted on basic mobile equipment (100), and telephone set (154) is connected to connector (140) on the side of telephone set (154) and connector (156) on the side of basic mobile equipment (100), so that it is connected to basic mobile equipment (100). As a result, antenna (124) of individual mobile equipment (102) is switched to external antenna (146) of basic mobile equipment (100). In this way, as shown in Figure 5, individual mobile equipment (102) has the conversation line indicated by the solid line connected to switch (142) inside basic mobile equipment (100). In this figure, the data line indicated by the dashed line is connected to control portion (144).

The plural mobile communication systems that form the integrated mobile communication system can thus be connected to the wireless line.

Also, when basic mobile equipment (100) and individual mobile equipment (102) are separated, and telephone set (154) is connected to each piece of mobile equipment, it is possible to form pieces of mobile equipment respectively dedicated to various mobile communication systems.

Effects of the invention

As explained above, according to the present invention, by unifying the interface between mobile equipment and the telephone set, and by combining the mobile equipment portions corresponding to the various mobile communication systems and the controller as the control portion, it is possible to ensure compatibility with any mobile communication system in any frequency band and of any modem system. Consequently, it is possible to converse using different mobile equipment corresponding to different mobile communication systems.

Brief description of the figures

Figure 1 is a principle diagram illustrating the constitution of the present invention.

Figure 2 is a diagram illustrating an example of the constitution of the integrated mobile communication system that adopts the mobile equipment of the present invention.

Figure 3 is a diagram illustrating Application Example 1.

Figure 4 is a diagram illustrating the control sequence of the switching operation in Application Example 1 of the present invention.

Figure 5 is a diagram illustrating the constitution of the quick-connect/disconnect mechanism of Application Example 2.

Figure 6 is a diagram illustrating the constitution of conventional mobile equipment.

10	First mobile equipment portion
12	Second mobile equipment portion
14	Controller
16	Telephone set
42	Ground-system mobile equipment portion
60	Satellite-system mobile equipment portion
50, 68	Interface
52, 72	Level measurement portion
80	Controller
82	Controller's control portion
84	Controller switch
86	Ground-system base station
88	Satellite-system base station

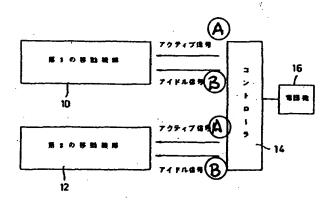


Figure 1. Principle diagram illustrating the constitution of the present invention

- Key: A Active signal
 - B Idle signal
 - 10 First mobile equipment portion
 - 12 Second mobile equipment portion
 - 14 Controller
 - 16 Telephone set

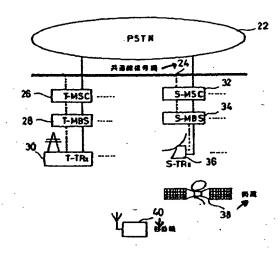


Figure 2. Diagram illustrating an example of the constitution of the integrated mobile communication system that adopts the mobile equipment of the present invention.

Key: 24 Common line signal network

38 Satellite-system

40 Mobile equipment

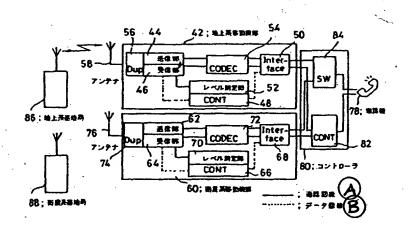


Figure 3. Diagram illustrating Application Example 1

Key:	Α	Conversation line
	В	Data line

- 42 Ground-system mobile equipment
- Sending portion
- 46 Receiving portion
- 52 Level measurement portion
- 58 Antenna
- 60 Satellite-system mobile equipment
- 62 Sending portion
- 64 Receiving portion
- 70 Level measurement portion
- 76 Antenna
- 78 Telephone set
- 80 Controller
- 86 Ground-system base station
- 88 Satellite-system base station

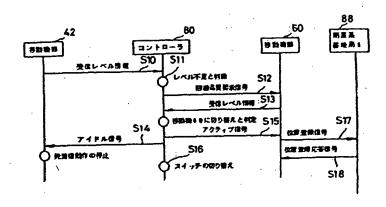


Figure 4. Diagram illustrating the control sequence of the switching operation in Application Example 1 of the present invention.

		\cdot
Key:	42	Mobile equipment portion
	60	Mobile equipment portion
	80	Controller
	88	Satellite-system base station
	S10	Receiving level information
	S11	Judgment of insufficient level
	S12	Line quality request signal
	S13	Receiving level information
	S14	Idle signal, stop sending/receiving operation
	S15	Judgment to switch to mobile equipment (40), active signal
	S16	Switching of switch
	S17	Position registration signal
	S18 -	Position registration response signal

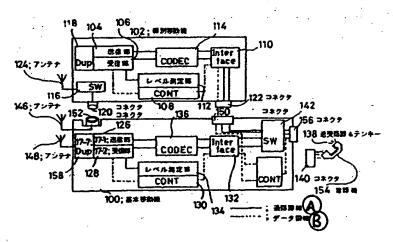


Figure 5. Diagram illustrating the constitution of the quick-connect/disconnect mechanism of Application Example 2.

Key:	A	Conversation line
·	В	Data line
	100	Basic mobile equipment
	102	Individual mobile equipment
	104	Sending portion
	106	Receiving portion
	112	Level measurement portion
	120	Connector
	122	Connector
	126	17-1: Sending portion
	128	17-2: Receiving portion
	134	Level measurement portion
	138	Handset & ten-key
	124,146,148	Antenna
	154	Telephone set
	156	Connector

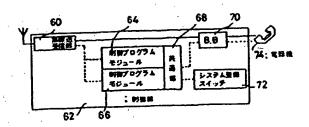


Figure 6. Diagram illustrating the constitution of the conventional mobile equipment

77	~	337' 1 4 ' '
Key:	60	Wireless transceiver portion
~~~; .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- 62 Control portion
- 64 Control program module
- 66 Control program module
- 68 Common portion
- 72 System registration switch
- 74 Telephone set

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